

Digital Temperature Controller

E5CN

Compact and Intelligent Temperature Controller

- Auto-tuning and self-tuning available.
 Can auto-tune even during execution of self-tuning
- Heating or heating/cooling control is available
- Event input allows multiple SP selection and run/stop function
- Water-resistant construction: NEMA4 (equivalent to IP66)
- Various temperature inputs: thermocouple, platinum resistance thermometer, non-contact temperature sensor, and analog inputs
- Conforms to UL, CSA, IEC, and CE





Ordering Information

■ E5CN STANDARD MODELS

| Description | | | | Part number | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Size | Power supply voltage | No. of alarm points | Output | Thermocouple model | Platinum resistance thermometer model |
| 1/16 DIN | 100 to 240 VAC | | Relay | E5CN-RMTC-500 AC100-240 | E5CN-RMP-500 AC100-240 |
| 48(W) x 48(H) x 78(D) mm | | | Voltage output (for driving SSR) | E5CN-QMTC-500 AC100-240 | E5CN-QMP-500 AC100-240 |
| | | 2 | Relay | E5CN-R2MTC-500 AC100-240 | E5CN-R2MP-500 AC100-240 |
| | | | Voltage output (for driving SSR) | E5CN-Q2MTC-500 AC100-240 | E5CN-Q2MP-500 AC100-240 |
| | 24 VAC/VDC | | Relay | E5CN-RMTC-500 AC/DC24 | E5CN-RMP-500 AC/DC24 |
| | | | Voltage output (for driving SSR) | E5CN-QMTC-500 AC/DC24 | E5CN-QMP-500 AC/DC24 |
| | | 2 | Relay | E5CN-R2MTC-500 AC/DC24 | E5CN-R2MP-500 AC/DC24 |
| | | | Voltage output (for driving SSR) | E5CN-Q2MTC-500 AC/DC24 | E5CN-Q2MP-500 AC/DC24 |

Note: 1. The suffix "500" is added to the part number of each Controller provided with a E53-COV10 Terminal Cover.

2. The heating and cooling function is available for models with two alarm points.

■ E5CN OPTION BOARDS

The E5CN provides communications or event input functionality when mounted with one of the following Option Boards.

| Item | Function | Part number |
|----------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| Communications Board | RS-485 communication | E53-CNH03 |
| Event Input Board | Event input | E53-CNHB |

Note: The heater burnout alarm is available by mounting the E53-CNH03 or E53-CNHB Option Unit on the E5CN.

ACCESSORIES

Terminal Cover (Sold Separately)

| Applicable Controller | Part number |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| E5CN | E53-COV10 |

Current Transformer (Sold Separately)

| Item | Hole diameter | Part number |
|---------------------|---------------|-------------|
| Current Transformer | 5.8 dia. | E54-CT1 |
| | 12.0 dia. | E54-CT3 |

■ INPUT RANGES

Platinum Resistance Thermometer Input

Shaded ranges indicate default settings.

| | Platinum resistance thermometer input | | | | eter input | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|-------|------------|--|
| Input type | | Platinum resistance thermometer | | | | |
| Name | F | Pt100 | | JPt1 | JPt100 | |
| 1800 1700 1600 1500 1400 1300 1200 1100 900 800 900 800 500 400 300 200 100 0 -100 -200 | | | | 500.0 | 100.0 | |
| Set value | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | |

Thermocouple Input

Shaded ranges indicate default settings.

| | | Thermocouple input | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|--|-----|-----|------|---|--|------------------|---|
| Input type | | Thermocouple ES1A Non-contact Temperature Sensor | | | | | | | Analog input |
| Name | К | J | T E | L U | N R | S B | K10 to K60 to K115 to 70°C 120°C 165°C | K160 to 260°C | 0 to 50 mV |
| 1800 1700 1600 1500 1400 1300 1200 1100 900 800 700 600 500 400 300 200 0 -100 -200 | | 850 | | | 1300 | 1700 1800 1 1700 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 120 165 -70 - 0 0 0 | | Usable in the following ranges by scaling: -1999 to 9999 or -199.9 to 999.9 |
| Set value | 0 1 | 2 3 | 4 5 | 6 7 | 8 9 | 10 11 | 12 13 14 | 15 | 16 |

Applicable standards by input type are as follows:

K, J, T, E, N, R, S, B: JIS C1602-1995 L: Fe-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 U: Cu-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 JPt100: JIS C1604-1989, JIS C1606-1989 Pt100: JIS C1604-1997, IEC751

Note: The ES1A Non-contact Temperature Sensor will be available soon.

| E5CN | OMRON | EECN |
|---------|-------|------|
| | | E5CN |

Specifications _____

■ RATINGS

| Supply voltage | | 100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz | 24 VAC, 50/60 Hz/24 VDC | | |
|-------------------------|----------------|---|-------------------------|--|--|
| Operating voltage range | | 85% to 110% of rated supply voltage | | | |
| Power consumption E5CN | | 7 VA | 4 VA/3 W | | |
| Sensor input | | Thermocouple: K, J, T, E, L, U, N, R, S, B Platinum resistance thermometer: Pt100, JPt100 Non-contact temperature sensor: K10 to 70°C, K60 to 120°C, K115 to 165°C, K160 to 260°C Voltage input: 0 to 50 mV | | | |
| Control output | Relay output | SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 3A (resistive load), electrical life: 100,000 operations | | | |
| | Voltage output | 12 VDC (PNP), max. load current: 21 mA, with short-circuit protection | | | |
| Alarm output | | SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 1 A (resistive load), electrical life: 100,000 operations | | | |
| Control method | | PID or ON/OFF control | | | |
| Setting method | | Digital setting using front panel keys | | | |
| Indication method | | 7-segment digital display and single-lighting indicator | | | |
| Other functions | | According to Controller model | | | |
| Ambient temperature | | -10°C to 55°C (14°F to 131°F) with no condensation or icing | | | |
| Ambient humidity | | 25% to 85% relative humidity | | | |
| Storage temperature | | -25 °C to 65 °C (-13 °F to 149 °F) with no condensation or icing | | | |

■ CHARACTERISTICS

| Indication accuracy | | Thermocouple: $(\pm 0.5\% \text{ of indicated value or } \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$, whichever greater) ± 1 digit max. (See Note.) Platinum resistance thermometer: $(\pm 0.5\% \text{ of indicated value or } \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$, whichever greater) ± 1 digit max. Analog input: $\pm 0.5\% \text{ FS} \pm 1$ digit max. CT input: $\pm 5\% \text{ FS} \pm 1$ digit max. | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| Hysteresis | | 0.1 to 999.9 EU (in units of 0.1 EU) | | | | |
| Proportional band (P) | | 0.1 to 999.9 EU (in units of 0.1 EU) | | | | |
| Integral time (I) | | 0 to 3999 s (in units of 1 s) | | | | |
| Derivative time (D) | | 0 to 3999 s (in units of 1 s) | | | | |
| Control period | | 1 to 99 s (in units of 1 s) | | | | |
| Manual reset value | | 0.0% to 100.0% (in units of 0.1%) | | | | |
| Alarm setting range | | -1999 to 9999 (decimal point position of | depends on input | type) | | |
| Sampling period | | 500 ms | | | | |
| Insulation resistance | | 20 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC) | | | | |
| Dielectric strength | | 2000 VAC, 50 or 60 Hz for 1min (between different charging terminals) | | | | |
| Vibration resistance | | 10 to 55 Hz, 10 m/s ² for 2 hours each in X, Y and Z directions | | | | |
| Shock resistance | | 300 m/s ² , 3 times each in 3 axes, 6 directions (relay: 100 m/s ²) | | | | |
| Weight | | Approx. 150 g Mounting bracket: Approx. 10g | | | | |
| Protective structure | Front panel | NEMA4 for indoor use (equivalent to IP66) | | | | |
| | Rear case | IP20 | | | | |
| | Terminals | IP00 | | | | |
| Memory protection | | EEPROM (non-volatile memory) (number of writes: 100,000) | | | | |
| EMC | | Emission Enclosure: Emission AC Mains: Immunity ESD: Immunity RF-interference: Immunity Conducted Disturbance: Immunity Burst: | EN55011 Grou EN55011 Grou EN61000-4-2: ENV50140: ENV50141: EN61000-4-4: | p 1 class A 4 kV contact discharge (level 2) 8 kV air discharge (level 3) 10 V/m (amplitude modulated, 80 MHz to 1 GHz) (level 3) 10 V/m (pulse modulated, 900 MHz) 10 V (0.15 to 80 MHz) (level 3) | | |
| Approval standards | | 2 kV I/O signal-line (level 4) UL3121-1, CSA22.2 No. 14, E.B.1402C | | | | |
| | | Conforms to EN50081-2, EN50082-2, Conforms to VDE0106/part 100 (Finge | | | | |

Note: The indication of K thermocouples in the -200 to 1300°C range, and T and N thermocouples at a temperature of -100°C or less, and U and L thermocouples at any temperature is ± 2 °C ± 1 digit maximum. The indication of B thermocouples at a temperature of 400°C or less is unrestricted.

The indication of R and S thermocouples at a temperature of 200°C or less is ±3°C±1 digit maximum.

■ COMMUNICATIONS SPECIFICATIONS

| Transmission path connection | Multiple points | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Communications method | RS-485 (two-wire, half duplex) | | | |
| Synchronization method | Start-stop synchronization | | | |
| Baud rate | 1,200/2,400/4,800/9,600/19,200 bps | | | |
| Transmission code | ASCII | | | |
| Data bit length | 7 or 8 bits | | | |
| Stop bit length | 1 or 2 bits | | | |
| Error detection | Vertical parity (none, even, odd) Frame check sequence (FCS): with SYSMAC WAY Block check character (BCC): with CompoWay/F | | | |
| Flow control | Not available | | | |
| Interface | RS-485 | | | |
| Retry function | Not available | | | |
| Communications buffer | 40 bytes | | | |

Note: The baud rate, data bit length, stop bit length, or vertical parity can be individually set using the communications setting level.

■ CURRENT TRANSFORMER (SOLD SEPARATELY) RATINGS

| Dielectric strength | | 1,000 VAC (1 min) |
|----------------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| Vibration resistance | | 50 Hz 98 m/s ² |
| Weight | E54-CT1 | Approx. 11.5 g |
| | E54-CT3 | Approx. 50 g |
| Accessories (E54-CT3 only) | Armature | 2 |
| | Plug | 2 |

■ HEATER BURNOUT ALARM SPECIFICATIONS

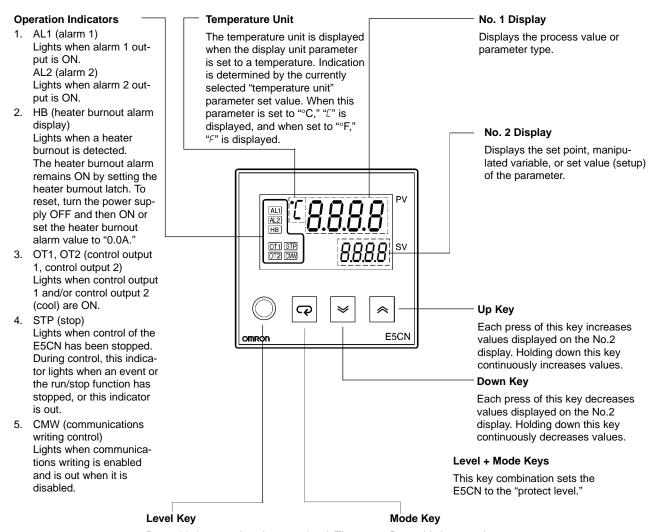
| Max. heater current | Single-phase AC: 50 A (See Note 1.) | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Input current readout accuracy | ±5%FS±1 digit max. | | |
| Heater burnout alarm setting range | 0.0 to 50.0 A (0.1 A units) (See Note 2.) | | |
| Min. detection ON time | 190 ms (See Note 3.) | | |

Note: 1. When heater burnout is detected on a 3-phase heater, use the K2CU-F□□A-□GS (with gate input terminal).

- 2. When the set value is "00 A," the heater burnout alarm will always be OFF. When the set value is "50.0 A," the heater burnout alarm will always be ON.
- 3. When the control output ON time is less than 190 ms, heater burnout detection and heater current measurement will not be carried out.

Nomenclature

E5CN



Press this key to select the setup level. The setup level is selected in this order: "operation level" \longleftrightarrow "adjustment level," "initial setting level" \longleftrightarrow "communications setting level."

Press this key to select parameters within each level.

Operation

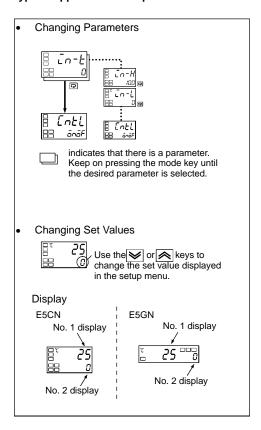
■ INITIAL SETUP

On previous Controllers, sensor input type, alarm type and control period were set on DIP switches. These hardware settings are now set in parameters in setup menus. The
keys are used to switch between setup menus, and the amount of time that you hold the keys down determines which setup menu you move to. This section describes two typical examples.

Note: On the E5GN, the
Key is the
Key.

1. ON/OFF Control

Typical Application Examples



Typical Example

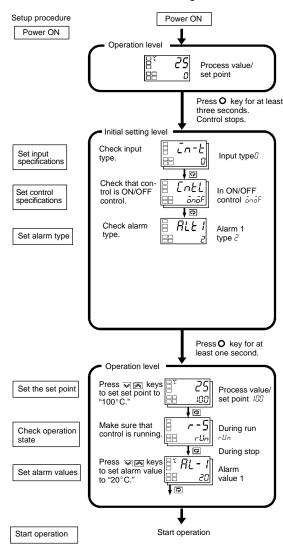
Input type: 0 K thermocouple -200 to 1300°C

Control method: ON/OFF control Alarm type: 2 upper limit

Alarm value 1: 20°C (For setting deviation)

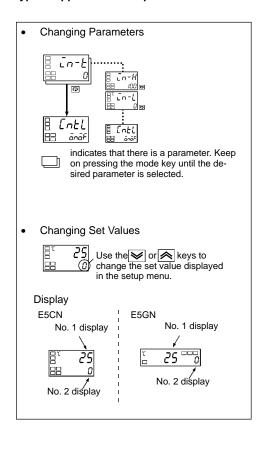
Set point: 100°C

Change only the alarm value 1 and set point. The rest must be left as default settings.



2. PID Control Using Auto-tuning

Typical Application Example



PV/SP

After AT execution.

While AT is being

After AT execution.

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Typical Example

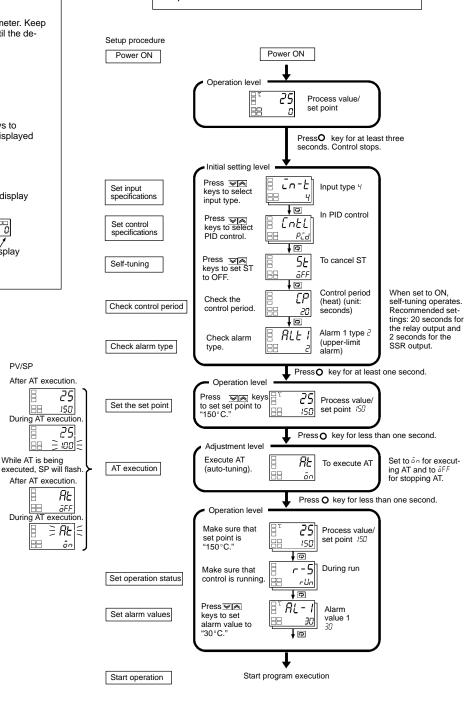
4 T thermocouple -200 to 400°C Input type: Control method: PID control ST (self-tuning): OFF

Calculate PID constants by AT (auto-tuning).

Alarm type: 2 upper limit

Alarm value 1: 30°C (For setting deviation)

Set point: 150°C

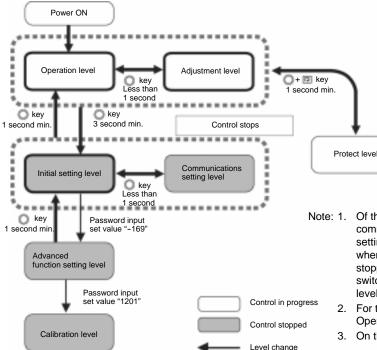


Specification Setting After Turning ON Power

■ OUTLINE OF OPERATION PROCEDURES

Key Operation

In the following descriptions, all the parameters are introduced in the display sequence. Some parameters may not be displayed depending on the protect settings and operation conditions.



- Note: 1. Of these levels, the initial setting level, communications setting level, advanced function setting level and calibration level can be used only when control has stopped. Note that control is stopped when these four levels are selected. When switched back to the operation level from one of these levels, control will start.
 - For the calibration mode, refer to the relevant Operation Manual (H100 or H101).
 - 3. On the E5GN, the Key is the Key.

■ DESCRIPTION OF EACH LEVEL

Operation Level

This level is displayed when you turn the power ON. You can move to the protect level, initial setting level and adjustment level from this level.

Normally, select this level during operation. During operation, the process value, set point and manipulated variable can be monitored, and the alarm value and upper- and lower-limit alarms can be monitored and modified.

Adjustment Level

To select this level, press the \bigcirc key once for less than one second.

This level is for entering set values and offset values for control. This level contains parameters for setting the set values, AT (auto-tuning), communications writing enable/disable, hysteresis, multi-SP, input shift values, heater burnout alarm (HBA) and PID constants. You can move to the top parameter of the operation level or initial setting level from here.

Initial Setting Level

To select this level, press the \bigcirc key for at least three seconds in the operation level. This level is for specifying the input type, selecting the control method, control period, setting direct/reverse action and alarm type. You can move to the advanced function setting level or communications setting level from this initial setting level. To return to the operation level, press the \bigcirc key for at least one second. To move to the communications setting level, press the \bigcirc key once for less than one second.

Protect Level

To select this level, simultaneously press the
and
keys for at least one second. This level is to prevent unwanted or accidental modification of parameters. Protected levels will not be displayed, and so the parameters in that level cannot be modified.

Communications Setting Level

To select this level, press the \bigcirc key once for less than one second in the initial setting level. When the communications function is used, set the communications conditions in this level. Communicating with a personal computer (host computer) allows set points to be read and written, and manipulated variables to be monitored.

Advanced Function Setting Level

To select this level, you must enter the password ("-169") in the initial setting level.

You can move only to the calibration level from this level.

This level is for setting the automatic return of display mode, MV limiter, event input assignment, standby sequence, alarm hysteresis, ST (self-tune) and to move to the user calibration level.

Calibration Level

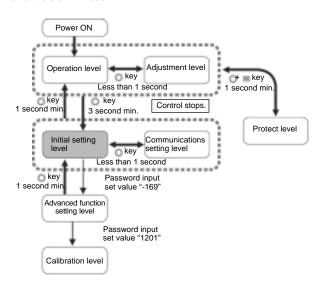
To select this level, you must enter the password ("1201") in the advanced function setting level. This level is for offsetting deviation in the input circuit.

You cannot move to other levels by operating the keys on the front panel from the calibration level. To cancel this level, turn the power OFF then back ON again.

■ SPECIFICATION SETTING (AFTER TURNING ON POWER)

Initial Setting Level

This level is used for setting basic specifications of the Temperature Controller. Using this level, set the input type for selecting the input to be connected such as the thermocouple or platinum resistance thermometer and set the range of set point and the alarm mode.

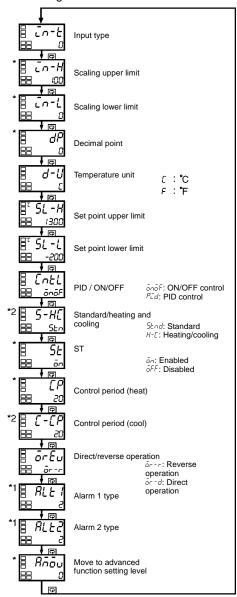


The move from the operation level to the initial setting level, press \bigcirc key for three seconds or more.

The initial setting level is not displayed when "initial/communications protection" is set to "2." This initial setting level can be used when "initial setting/communications protection" is set to "0" or "1."

The "scaling upper limit," "scaling lower limit," and "decimal point" parameters are displayed when an analog voltage input is selected as the input type.

Initial setting level



To return to the operation level, press the $\ensuremath{\bigcirc}$ key for longer than one second

*Not displayed as default setting.

- Note: 1. Displayed only with models provided with an alarm function
 - Displayed only with the E5CN provided with a twopoint alarm function.

■ INPUT TYPE

Using a Thermocouple Input Type

When using a thermocouple input type, follow the specifications listed in the following table.

| Input type | Specifications | Set Value | Input Temperature Range |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|-----------|---|
| Thermocouple | <u>-</u> | 0 | -200 to 1300 (°C) /-300 to 2300 (°F) |
| | | 1 | -20.0 to 500.0 (°C) /0.0 to 900.0 (°F) |
| | J | 2 | -100 to 850 (°C) /-100 to 1500 (°F) |
| | | 3 | -20.0 to 400.0 (°C) /0.0 to 750.0 (°F) |
| | Т | 4 | -200 to 400 (°C) /-300 to 700 (°F) |
| | E | 5 | 0 to 600 (°C) /0 to 1100 (°F) |
| | L | 6 | -100 to 850 (°C) /-100 to 1500 (°F) |
| | U | 7 | -200 to 400 (°C) /-300 to 700 (°F) |
| | N | 8 | -200 to 1300 (°C) /-300 to 2300 (°F) |
| | R | 9 | 0 to 1700 (°C) /0 to 3000 (°F) |
| | S | 10 | 0 to 1700 (°C) /0 to 3000 (°F) |
| | В | 11 | 100 to 1800 (°C) /300 to 3200 (°F) |
| Non-contact temperature sensor ES1A | K10 to 70°C | 12 | 0 to 90 (°C) /0 to 190 (°F) |
| | K60 to 120°C | 13 | 0 to 120 (°C) /0 to 240 (°F) |
| | K115 to 165°C | 14 | 0 to 165 (°C) /0 to 320 (°F) |
| | K160 to 260°C | 15 | 0 to 260 (°C) /0 to 500 (°F) |
| Analog input | 0 to 50mV | 16 | One of following ranges depending on the results of scaling: 1999 to 9999, 199.9 to 999.9 |

Note: The initial settings are: 0: -200 to 1300° C/-300 to 2300° F.

Using a Platinum Resistance Thermometer Input Type

When using the platinum resistance thermometer input type, follow the specifications listed in the following table.

| Input type | Specifications | Set Value | Input Temperature Range |
|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------|---|
| Platinum resistance thermometer | Pt100 | 0 | -200 to 850 (°C) /-300 to 1500 (°F) |
| | | 1 | -199.9 to 500.0 (°C)/-199.9 to 900.0 (°F) |
| | | 2 | 0.0 to 100.0 (°C) /0.0 to 210.0 (°F) |
| | JPt100 | 3 | -199.9 to 500.0 (°C)/-199.9 to 900.0 (°F) |
| | | 4 | 0.0 to 100.0 (°C) /0.0 to 210.0 (°F) |

Note: 1. The initial settings are: 0: Pt100 -200 to 850° C/-300 to 1500° F.

2. The ES1A Non-contact Temperature Sensor will be available soon.

■ ALARM 1 AND ALARM 2

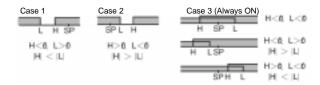
For the alarm 1 and alarm 2, select alarm types out of the 12 alarm types listed in the following table.

| Set Value | Alarm Type | Alarm Output Operation | | |
|-----------------|--|------------------------|--------------------|--|
| | | When X is positive | When X is negative | |
| 0 | Alarm function OFF | Output OFF | | |
| 1*1 | Upper- and lower-limit (deviation) | ON → L H ← | *2 | |
| 2 | Upper-limit (deviation) | ON X | ON X - X - SP | |
| 3 | Lower-limit (deviation) | ON X - X | ON → X ← | |
| 4*1 | Upper- and lower-limit range (deviation) | OFF SP | *3 | |
| 5 ^{*1} | Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence (deviation) | OFF SP | *4 | |
| 6 | Upper-limit with standby sequence (deviation) | ON → X ← SP | OFF SP | |
| 7 | Lower-limit with standby sequence (deviation) | ON → X ← | CFF SP | |
| 8 | Absolute-value upper-limit | ON X | OFF ⊕X→ | |
| 9 | Absolute-value lower-limit | ON X | ON ←X→ | |
| 10 | Absolute-value upper-limit with standby sequence | ON X | ON ←X→ | |
| 11 | Absolute-value lower-limit with standby sequence | ON ←X→ | ON →X→ | |

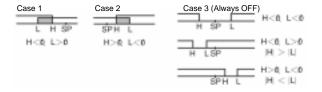
^{*1:} With set values 1, 4 and 5, the upper and lower limit values can be set independently for each alarm type and are expressed as "L" and "H."

Following operations are for cases when an alarm set point is "X" or negative.

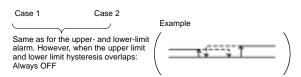
*2: Set value: 1, upper- and lower-limit alarm



*3: Set value: 4, upper- and lower-limit range



*4: Set value: 5, upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence



Example: When the alarm is set ON at 110 °C/°F or higher.

 When an alarm type other than the absolutevalue alarm is selected

(For alarm types 1 to 7) The alarm value is set as a deviation from the set point.



 When the absolutevalue alarm is selected

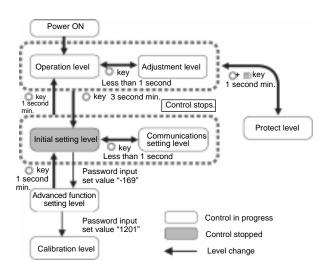
(For alarm types 8 to 11) The alarm value is set as an absolute value from the alarm value of 0°C/F.



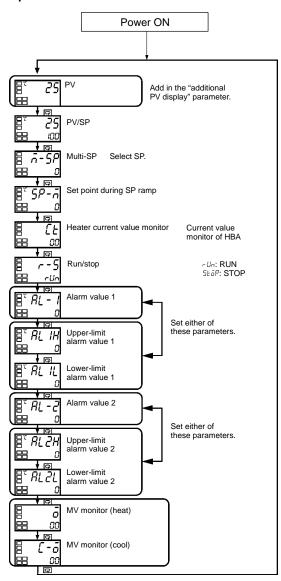
PARAMETERS

Parameters related to setting items for each level are marked in boxes in the flowcharts and brief descriptions are given as required. At the end of each setting item, press the mode key to return to the beginning of each level.

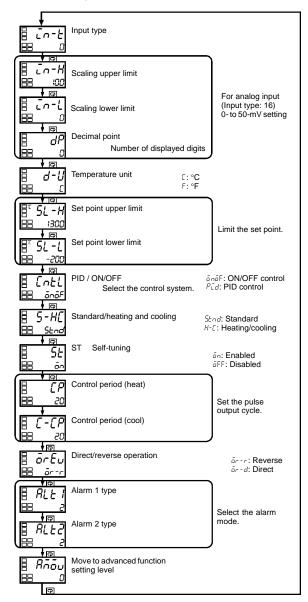
E5CN No. 1 display E5GN No. 1 display No. 2 display No. 2 display



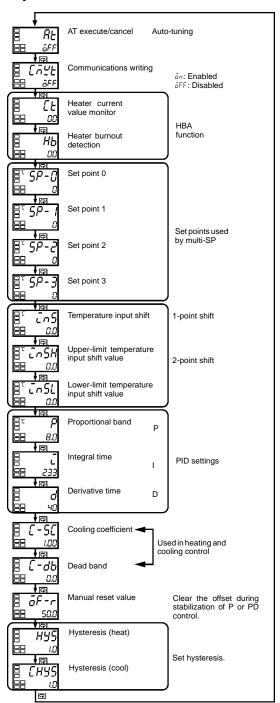
Operation Level



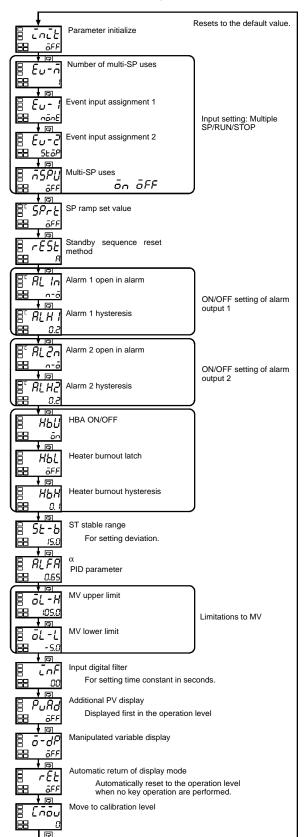
Initial Setting Level



Adjustment Level



Advanced Function Setting Level



Protect Level



Operation/adjustment protection

Restricts display and modification of menus in the operation and adjustment levels.

Initial setting/communications protection

Restricts display and modification of menus in the initial setting, operation level and adjustment levels.

Setting change protection

Protects changes to setups by operating the front panel keys.

Operation/Adjustment Protection

The following table shows the relationship between set values and the range of protection.

| Level | | Set value | | | |
|------------------|-------|-----------|---|---|---|
| | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Operation level | PV | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| level | PV/SP | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Other | 0 | 0 | Х | Χ |
| Adjustment level | | 0 | Χ | Х | Χ |

When this parameter is set to "0," parameters are not protected.

Default setting: 0

Can be displayed and changed

: Can be displayed

 \times : Cannot be displayed and move to other levels not possible

Initial Setting/Communications Protection

This protect level restricts movement to the initial setting level, communications setting level and advanced function setting level.

| Set value | Initial setting level | Communications setting level | Advanced function setting level |
|--------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | Х |
| 2 | Х | Х | Χ |

Default setting: 1

○ : Move to other levels possible

imes : Move to other levels not possible

Setting Change Protection

This protect level protects setup from being changed by operating the keys on the front panel.

| Set value | Description |
|-----------|--|
| OFF | Setup can be changed by key operation. |
| ON | Setup cannot be changed by key operation. (The protect level, can be changed.) |

Default setting: OFF

Communications Setting Level

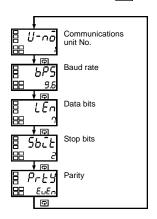
Set the E5CN/E5GN communications specifications in the communications setting level. For setting communications parameters, use the E5CN/E5GN panel. The communications parameters and their settings are listed in the following table.

| Parameter | Displayed characters | Set (monitor) value | Set value |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Communications unit No. | U-nō | 0 to 99 | 0.1 to 99 |
| Baud rate | bP5 | 1.2/2.4/4.8/9.6/19.2 (kbps) | 1.2/2.4/4.8/9.6/19.2 |
| Data bits | LEn | 7/8 (bit) | 7/8 (bit) |
| Stop bits | Sbit | 1/2 | 1/2 (bit) |
| Parity | PrES | None, even, odd | nōnE/EUEn/ōdd |

Note: The highlighted values indicate default settings.

Before executing communications with the E5CN/E5GN, set the communications unit No., baud rate, etc., through key operations as described below. As for other operations, refer to the relevant Operation Manual.

- Press the key for at least three seconds in the "operation level." The level moves to the "initial setting level."
- 2. Press the \infty key for less than one second. The "initial setting level" moves to the "communications setting level."
- 3. Pressing the key advances the parameters as shown in the following figure.
- Press the or keys to change the parameter setups.



Note: On the E5GN, the
Key is the Key.

Set each communications parameter to match those of the communicating personal computer.

Communications Unit No. (U-nā)

When communicating with the host computer, the unit number must be set in each Temperature Controller so that the host computer can identify each Temperature Controller. The number can be set in a range from 0 to 99 in increments of 1. The default setting is 1. When using more than one Unit, be careful not to use the same number twice. Duplicate settings will cause malfunction. This value becomes valid when the power is turned OFF and ON again.

Baud Rate (695)

Use this parameter to set the speed of communications with the host computer. It can be set to one of the following values; 1.2 (1200 bps), 2.4 (2400 bps), 4.8 (4800 bps), 9.6 (9600 bps), and 19.2 (19200 bps).

This setting becomes valid when the power is turned OFF and ON again.

Data Bits (LEn)

Use this parameter to change the communications data bit length to 7 bits or 8 bits.

Stop Bits (552)

Use this parameter to change the communications stop bit to 1 or 2.

Parity (Pr ES)

Use this parameter to set the communications parity to None, Even, or Odd.

■ TROUBLESHOOTING

When an error occurs, an error code will be displayed on the No. 1 display. Check the contents of an error and take appropriate countermeasures.

| No. 1 display | Type of error | Countermeasures | |
|---------------|--------------------|---|--|
| 5.Err | Input error | Check the wiring of inputs for miswiring, disconnections, short-circuits, and the input type. | |
| EIII | Memory error | First, turn the power OFF then back ON again. If the display remains the same, the Unit must be repaired. If the display is restored, then a probable cause can be external noise affecting the control system. Check for external noise. | |
| cccc | Display range over | Though not error, this is displayed when the process value exceeds the display range when the control range is larger than the display range. | |
| 2222 | | • When less than "-1999" | |
| | | When larger than "9999" • When larger than "9999" | |
| HErr | HB error | First, turn the power OFF then back ON again. If the display remains the same, the controller must be repaired. If the display is restored, then a probable cause can be electrical noise affecting the control system. Check for electrical noise. | |

Note: Error will be displayed only when the display is set for the PV or PV/SP.

Fuzzy Self-tuning _____

The fuzzy self-tuning (ST) is a function that automatically calculates an optimum PID constant depending on items to be controlled.

FEATURE

The Temperature Controller determines when to execute this fuzzy self-tuning.

■ FUNCTIONS

SRT: Performs PID tuning according to the step response method when the SP is changed.

LCT: Performs PID tuning according to the limit cycle method when the SP is changed.

Requirements for SRT Functionality

The ST will be executed according to the step response method when the following conditions are satisfied when operation is started or when the SP is changed.

| When operation is started | When SP is changed |
|--|---|
| The SP at the startup is different from the SP at the time the previous SRT was executed. (See Note.) | The SP after change is different from the SP at the time the previous SRT was executed. (See Note.) |
| The temperature upon startup is smaller than the SP in the reverse operation and larger than the SP in the direct operation. | 2. In the reverse operation, the value obtained by deducting the SP before change from the SP after change is larger than the ST stable range. In the direct operation, the value obtained by |
| 3. Restarting of operation is not due to an input error. | deducting the SP after change from the SP before change is larger than the ST stable range. |
| Note: The "SP that existed when the previous SRT was executed" refers to the SP used for obtaining the PID constant in the previous SRT. | 3. The SP change width is larger than the current proportional band x 1.27 + 4. |
| 3 | 4. The temperature is in the stable state. (It can be in the balanced state if no output is generated when the power is turned ON.) |

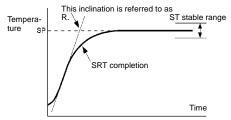
If the SP is changed while SRT is being executed and if SRT completion conditions are satisfied, no PID change will take place.

Stabilization State

Measured values remain in the stable range for a certain period of time.

Balanced State

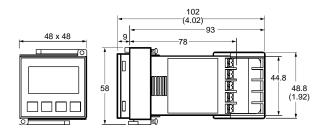
Output is 0% for 60 seconds and measured values fluctuate within the width of the stable range.



Dimensions

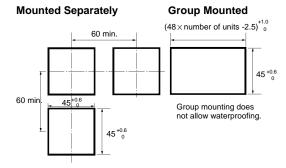
Unit: mm (inch)

■ E5CN



Note: The suffix "500" is added to the model number of each Controller provided with a E53-COV10 Terminal Cover.

Panel Cutouts

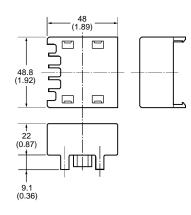


- Recommended panel thickness is 1 to 5 mm.
- Group mounting is not possible in the vertical direction. (Maintain the specified mounting space between Controllers when they are group mounted.) To mount the E5CN so that it is waterproof, apply the waterproof seal to the E5CN.
- When two or more E5CNs are mounted, make sure that the surrounding temperature does not exceed the allowable operating temperature, as specified in the specifications.

■ TERMINAL COVER

E53-COV10

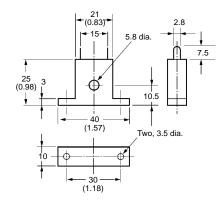




■ CURRENT TRANSFORMER (SOLD SEPARATELY)

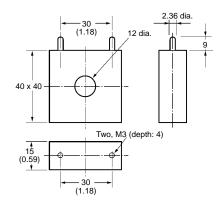
E54-CT1





E54-CT3





Installation

SETTING UP OPTION BOARDS

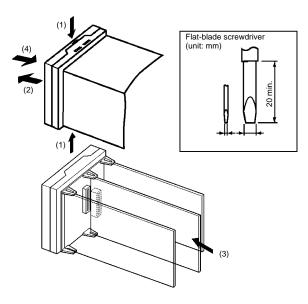
If communications, event input, or heater burnout functions are required, mount the E53-CNH03 Communications Board or the E53-CNHB Event Input Board. The heater burnout function is supported on either of these two Option Boards.

Option Boards

| Name | Model | Function |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Communications Board | E53-CNH03 | RS-485 communications |
| Event Input Board | E53-CNHB | Event inputs |

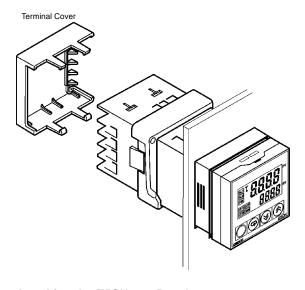
Note: Terminal label: x1

ASSEMBLY OF UNIT



- Insert the tools (see drawing above) into the slots (one on the top and one on the bottom) and release the hooks.
- Insert the tool in the space between the front and rear panels and slightly pull out the front panel. Hold the top and bottom of the front panel and pull toward yourself to remove it.
- Match up the upper and lower claws with the connection points and insert the Option Board. Mount the Option Board in the center.
- 4. Before inserting the Unit, confirm that the waterproof seal is in place. Insert the Unit into the rear case until you hear a click. When inserting the Unit, press down the hooks on the top and bottom of the rear case, so they firmly hook on the board inserted.

MOUNTING



Attaching the E5CN to a Panel

- 1. Insert the E5CN into the mounting hole in the panel.
- 2. Push the adapter along the E5CN body from the terminals up to the panel and secure it temporarily.
- Tighten the two screws on the adapter. When tightening screws, tighten the two screws alternately, keeping the torque to between 0.29 and 0.39 N•m (2.9 kgf•cm to 3.9 kgf•cm).

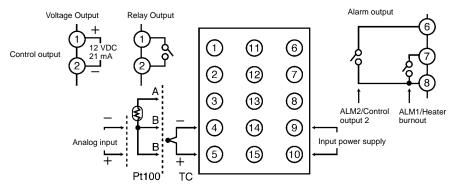
Attaching the Terminal Cover

Make sure that the "UP" mark is facing up, and then fit the Terminal Cover (E53-COV10) into the holes on the top and bottom. A E5CN-□-500 Controller is provided with a Terminal Cover

■ WIRING TERMINALS

The voltage output (control output) is not electrically insulated from the internal circuits. When using a grounding thermocouple, do not connect the control output terminals to the ground. If the control output terminals are connected to the ground, errors will occur in the measured temperature values as a result of leakage current.

Standard insulation is applied to the power supply I/O sections. If reinforced insulation is required, connect the input and output terminals to a device without any exposed current-carrying parts or to a device with standard insulation suitable for the maximum operating voltage of the power supply I/O section.

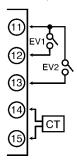


Two input power supplies are available: 100 to 240 VAC or 24 VDC.

■ E5CN OPTION BOARDS

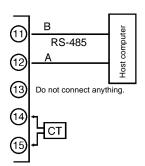
E53-CNHB Event Input Unit

Event Input/Heater Burnout Detection



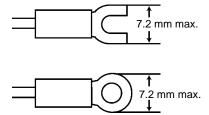
E53-CNH03 Communications Board

Communications Specification/Heater Burnout Specification



■ WIRING PRECAUTIONS

- Separate input leads and power lines to protect the E5CN and its lines from external noise.
- We recommend using solderless terminals when wiring the E5CN.
- Tighten the terminal screws using a torque no greater than 0.78 N•m.
- Use the following type of solderless terminals for M3.5 screws.



Precautions

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

- Use the Temperature Controller within the rated operating temperature, storage temperature, and operating humidity specified for each model.
- Use the Temperature Controller according to the performance specifications such as vibration, shock, and degree of protection specified for each model.
- Do not use the Temperature Controller in places where it is subject to dust or corrosive gases.
- Install the Temperature Controller away from the devices that generate high-frequency noise.

■ SERVICE LIFE

The service life of relays used for the control output or alarm output varies depending on mostly switching conditions. Be sure to confirm their performance under actual operating conditions and do not use them beyond the allowable number of switchings. If they are used in a deteriorated condition, insulation between circuits may be damaged and, as a result, the Temperature Controller itself may be damaged or burned.

The service life of electronic devices such as Temperature Controllers is determined not only by the number of switchings of relays, but also by the service life of internal electronic components. The component service life is affected by the ambient temperature: the higher the temperature becomes, the shorter the service life becomes; the lower the temperature becomes, the longer the service life becomes. For this reason, the service life can be extended by lowering the internal temperature of the Temperature Controller.

When two or more Temperature Controllers are mounted horizontally close to each other or vertically next to each other, the internal temperature will increase, due to heat radiated by the Temperature Controllers, and the service life will decrease. In these situations, forced cooling by fans or other means of air ventilation will be required to cool down the Temperature Controllers. When providing forced cooling, however, be careful not to cool down the terminals solely, to avoid measurement errors.

ORDERING PRECAUTIONS

Units separately sold, such as Control Output Units and Current Transformers, are specified for each Temperature Controller. Be sure to order appropriate units according to the application.

■ INSTALLATION

Mounting

Mount the Temperature Controller horizontally level.

Connection

When extending or connecting the thermocouple lead wire, be sure to use compensating wires that match the thermocouple types.

When extending or connecting the lead wire of the platinum resistance thermometer, be sure to use wires that have low resistance.

When wiring the platinum resistance thermometer to the Temperature Controller, keep the wire route as short as possible. Separate this wiring away from the power supply wiring and load wiring to avoid inductive or other forms of noise.

Do not use empty terminals.

Crimp Terminal Connection

Use crimp terminals that match M3.5 screws. M3.5 x 8 self-rising screws are used.

E5CN



Be careful not to excessively tighten the terminals screws.

Soldering Connection

The self-rising screws provide easy soldering connection. Strip the lead wire by a length of 6 to 8 mm.



■ OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

For Temperature Controllers with alarm outputs, alarm output may not be generated correctly when an abnormality occurs in the device. A separate alarm device should be incorporated into the system.

To ensure proper performance, parameters of the Temperature Controllers are set to default values before they are shipped. Change these parameters depending on actual applications. If left unchanged, the Temperature Controller will operate under the default settings.

It takes several seconds for the relay to turn ON from the moment the power is turned ON. Consider this time when incorporating Temperature Controllers in a sequence circuit.

When pulling out the Temperature Controller body, do not apply excessive force. After the body is removed, be careful not to apply any shock to the connectors or other electronic components on the PCB.

Models without any specification on their degree of protection or those with IP\(\subseteq 0 \) do not offer a waterproofing feature.



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